

Jotafloor EP SL Comp A

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: Jotafloor EP SL Comp A
Product code	: 25740
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Supplier's details	: EL MOHANDES JOTUN S.A.E. INDUSTRIAL AREA - ISMAILIA P.O. BOX NO. 203 ISMAILIA - EGYPT FAX NO. : 002064481030 TELF NO: 002064481032 SDSJotun@jotun.com
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)
	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	 P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	: None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other ide	<u>ntifiers</u>		
CAS number	: Not applicable.		
EC number	: Mixture.		
Product code	: 25740		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥10 - <25	1675-54-3
silica, crystalline - quar	Z	≤10	14808-60-7
Phenol, methylstyrenated		≤5	68512-30-1
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs		≤3	68609-97-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do no induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to a unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/sym	Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	:tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for cor	<u>nta</u>	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 13 for waste disposal.

disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected
including any	from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible
incompatibilities	materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and
-	sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully
	resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers.
	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10
	for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
silica, crystalline - quartz		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction		
Appropriate engineering controls	enclosures, local exhaust	e dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker aminants below any recommended or statutory limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection meas	ires			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh Contaminated work clothir	Id face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Ing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	indicates this is necessary dusts. If contact is possib	to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or le, the following protection should be worn, unless the gher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	resistance to any individua The breakthrough time mu The instructions and inforr storage, maintenance and Gloves should be replaced material. Always ensure that gloves correctly. The performance or effect damage and poor mainter Barrier creams may help t applied once exposure has Wear suitable gloves tester	o protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be s occurred.		
Body protection		ment for the body should be selected based on the task isks involved and should be approved by a specialist ict.		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. By spraying : particulate filter (FFP2 / N95). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	1	Brown., Blue., Brown., Green., Grey, Red, White., Yellow.
Odour	1	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not applicable.
Boiling point	:	Lowest known value: >260°C (>500°F)(epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted average: 288.37°C (551.1°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 100°C (212°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.001 kPa (0.01 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Phenol, methylstyrenated). Weighted average: 0.0002 kPa (0.002 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)).
Density	:	1.867 to 1.93 g/cm ³
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: >385°C (>725°F) (Phenol, methylstyrenated).
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
No specific data.
No specific data.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rabbit Mouse Rat	20 g/kg 15600 mg/kg 17100 mg/kg	- - -

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 µl	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
silica, crystalline - quartz	Category 2	inhalation	lungs

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes	: Not available.
-	

of exposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effec	ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ct	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Phenol, methylstyrenated oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	2.64 to 3.78 3.627 3.77	31 - 160 to 263	low low low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 28.12.2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28.12.2021
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.